

2007 - GG

Test Paper Code: GG

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 300

#### INSTRUCTIONS

- The question-cum-answer book has 28 pages and has 44 questions. Please ensure that the copy of the question-cum-answer book you have received contains all the questions.
- 2. Write your Roll Number, Name and the name of the Test Centre in the appropriate space provided on the right side.
- 3. Write the answers to the objective questions against each Question No. in the Answer Table for Objective Questions, provided on Page No. 9. Do not write anything else on this page.
- 4. Each objective question has 4 choices for its answer: (A), (B), (C) and (D). Only ONE of them is the correct answer. There will be negative marking for wrong answers to objective questions. The following marking scheme for objective questions shall be used:
  - (a) For each objective question, you will be awarded **3** (three) marks if you have written only the correct answer.
  - (b) In case you have not written any answer for a question you will be awarded 0 (zero) mark for that question.
  - (c) In all other cases, you will be awarded -1 (minus one) mark for the question.
  - (d) Negative marks for objective part will be carried over to total marks.
- 5. Answer the subjective question only in the space provided after each question.
- 6. Do not write more than one answer for the same question. In case you attempt a subjective question more than once, please cancel the answer(s) you consider wrong. Otherwise, the answer appearing later only will be evaluated.
- All answers must be written in blue/ black/blue-black ink only. Sketch pen, pencil or ink of any other colour should not be used.
- 8. All rough work should be done in the space provided and scored out finally.
- 9. No supplementary sheets will be provided to the candidates.
- 10.Logarithmic Tables / Calculator of any kind / cellular phone / pager / electronic gadgets are not allowed.
- 11. The question-cum-answer book must be returned in its entirety to the Invigilator before leaving the examination hall. Do not remove any page from this book.

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READ THE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE LEFT SIDE OF THIS PAGE CAREFULLY

ROLL NUMBER								
Name:								
Test	Centre	e:						

Do not write your Roll Number or Name anywhere else in this questioncum-answer book.

I have read all the instructions and shall abide by them.

Signature of the Candidate

I have verified the information filled by the Candidate above.

Signature of the Invigilator

#### IMPORTANT NOTE FOR CANDIDATES

- Attempt ALL the 44 questions.
- Questions 1-30 (objective questions) carry <u>three</u> marks each and questions 31-44 (subjective questions) carry <u>fifteen</u> marks each.
- Write the answers to the objective questions in the <u>Answer Table for Objective Questions</u> provided on page 9 only.
- 1. Isostasy involves
  - (A) eustatic change
  - (B) gravitational balance
  - (C) magnetic reversal
  - (D) thermal balance
- 2. The basaltic lava flow having ropy and wavy surface is known as
  - (A) aa
  - (B) pahoehoe
  - (C) tuff
  - (D) volcanic breccia
- 3. A graded stream is characterized by
  - (A) increase in erosion relative to deposition
  - (B) increase in deposition relative to erosion
  - (C) equilibrium between erosion and deposition
  - (D) formation of graded bedding
- 4. Continued crystallization of augite after the formation of plagioclase can result in
  - (A) hyalopilitic texture
  - (B) ophitic texture
  - (C) porphyritic texture
  - (D) trachytic texture
- 5. Barchans are crescent-shaped dunes in which the ends of the crescent
  - (A) point in the upwind direction
  - (B) are at right angles to the wind direction
  - (C) have no relation to the wind direction
  - (D) point in the downwind direction

- 6. A fold in which the hinge line plunges in the direction of dip of the axial plane is
  - (A) overturned fold
  - (B) reclined fold
  - (C) recumbent fold
  - (D) upright fold
- 7. Match the plutonic rocks listed in **Group I** with their corresponding volcanic equivalents in **Group II**.

	Group I	Group II		
P.	Granite	1.	Dacite	
Q.	Granodiorite	2.	Trachyte	
R.	Diorite	3.	Rhyolite	
S.	Syenite	4.	Andesite	

- (A) P-1, Q-2, R-4, S-3
- (B) P-2, Q-1, R-3, S-4
- (C) P-3, Q-1, R-4, S-2
- (D) P-3, Q-2, R-4, S-1
- 8. Which of the following is a strike-slip fault?
  - (A) Normal fault
  - (B) Reverse fault
  - (C) Thrust fault
  - (D) Transform fault
- 9. Staurolite, and alusite and sillimanite form during progressive regional metamorphism of
  - (A) arenaceous rocks
  - (B) siliceous carbonate rocks
  - (C) basic igneous rocks
  - (D) argillaceous rocks

10. The pressure-temperature ranges of the metamorphic facies

P: Granulite, Q: Zeolite, R: Amphibolite, S: Greenschist

increase in the order

- (A)  $\mathbf{Q} < \mathbf{R} < \mathbf{S} < \mathbf{P}$
- (B)  $\mathbf{Q} < \mathbf{P} < \mathbf{R} < \mathbf{S}$
- (C) Q < S < R < P
- (D) Q < R < P < S

11. Match the following landforms (Group I) with the corresponding geological agents (Group II).

	Group I	Group II		
P.	Point Bar	1.	Sea	
Q.	Cirque	2.	River	
R.	Yardang	3.	Glacier	
S.	Berm	4.	Wind	

- (A) P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1
- (B) P-3, Q-1, R-4, S-2
- (C) P-2, Q-1, R-3, S-4
- (D) P-3, Q-2, R-1, S-4

12. A geomorphic feature produced at divergent plate boundary is

- (A) folded mountain belt
- (B) guyot
- (C) island arc
- (D) oceanic ridge

13. Which of the following sedimentary rocks is/are formed by chemical precipitation?

P: limestone Q: chert R: sandstone S: shale

- (A) Ponly
- (B) both P and Q
- (C) both P and R
- (D) both Q and S

1	٩	1	
Ζ		A	

- 14. A mineral with patchy blue colour and variable hardness is
  - (A) azurite
  - (B) kaolinite
  - (C) kyanite
  - (D) sillimanite
- 15. The occurrence of ammonites in a sequence suggests
  - (A) Cenozoic age and freshwater environment
  - (B) Cenozoic age and marine environment
  - (C) Mesozoic age and freshwater environment
  - (D) Mesozoic age and marine environment
- 16. Group I contains some minerals and Group II gives a list of crystal systems. Find the correct match.

	Group I	Group II	
P.	Gypsum	1. Hexagona	
Q.	Beryl	2. Triclinic	
R.	Galena	3. Monoclinio	2
S.	Axinite	4. Cubic	

- (A) P-3, Q-2, R-4, S-1
- (B) P-1, Q-3, R-4, S-2
- (C) P-2, Q-1, R-4, S-3
- (D) P-3, Q-1, R-4, S-2
- 17. Which of the following sedimentary structures is erosional in nature?
  - (A) Cross-stratification
  - (B) Flute casts
  - (C) Graded bedding
  - (D) Ripple marks

Γ	
	A
	A

18.	The	e presence of reef corals in a se	dimer	ntary sequence indicates that deposition took place
	(A)	near the equator		sequence man deposition took place
	(B)	near the poles		
	(C)	in fluvial environment		
	(D)	in deep sea environment		
19.	Min	nerals in which of the following	pairs	s do NOT form a natural association?
	(A)	Corundum - Sillimanite		
	(B)	Nepheline – Quartz		
	(C)	Olivine – Clinopyroxene		
	(D)	Olivine - Orthopyroxene		
20.	Mat <b>Gro</b>	tch the organisms listed in oup II.	Grou	p I with their respective symmetry elements in
		Group I	Gre	oup II
	P.	Brachiopods	1.	Asymmetric
	Q.	Pelecypods	2.	Plane of symmetry bisects the two valves
	R.	Echinoids	3.	Plane of symmetry lies between the two valves
	S.	Helically coiled gastropods	4.	Five-fold radial symmetry
	(A)	P-1, Q-2, R-3, S-4		
	(B)	P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3		
	(C)	P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1		
	(D)	P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1		
21.	Scr	atches produced on the fault p	lane a	are known as
	(A)	boudins		
	(B)	mullions		
	(C)	plumose structure		
	(D)	slickensides		
22.	Whi	ch of the following processes o	f ore f	formation produces gold deposits in the form of reef?
	(A)	Hydrothermal		
	(B)	Magmatic injection		
	(C)	Magmatic segregation		
	(D)	Supergene enrichment		

 Match the fossil taxa listed in Group I with their characteristic morphological features in Group II.

	Group I	Gro	oup II
P.	Paradoxides	1.	Two pendent stipes
Q.	Didymograptus	2.	Sinistral coiling
R.	Physa	3.	Genal spines
S.	Ceratites	4.	Sutures with undivided saddles

- (A) P-3, Q-2, R-4, S-1
- (B) P-3, Q-1, R-2, S-4
- (C) P-2, Q-1, R-4, S-3
- (D) P-2, Q-1, R-3, S-4

24. Which of the following stratigraphic units contains dinosaur fossils?

- (A) Lameta
- (B) Muth Quartzite
- (C) Siwalik
- (D) Subathu

25. Beach placers in India are an important source of

- (A) copper
- (B) lead
- (C) thorium
- (D) uranium

26. The reservoir rock for petroleum in Bombay High is

- (A) feldspathic sandstone
- (B) graywacke
- (C) limestone
- (D) orthoquartzite

## 27. Match sedimentary formations in Group I with their corresponding ages in Group II.

		Group I	Gro	oup II
	P.	Maleri	1.	Oligocene
	Q.	Karewa	2.	Plio-Pleistocene
	R.	Ariyalur	3.	Cretaceous
	S.	Barail	4.	Triassic
(A) P-1, Q-2, R-3	3, S-4			
(D) D9 O1 D	1 5 2			

- (B) P-2, Q-1, R-4, S-3
- (C) P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1
- (D) P-4, Q-2, R-3, S-1
- 28. Which of the following rocks can form good aquifers?
  - (A) Sandstone and highly jointed granite
  - (B) Sandstone and massive granite
  - (C) Sandstone and shale
  - (D) Shale and massive granite
- 29. Of the following alternatives, the most suitable condition for a road cut in a hilly terrain is where the foliations
  - (A) are vertical
  - (B) dip away from the slope
  - (C) dip towards the slope at high angle
  - (D) dip towards the slope at low angle
- 30. Which of the following series of stratigraphic units is arranged in the order from older to younger age?
  - (A) Cheyair Rewa Sausar Gondwana
  - (B) Sausar Cheyair Rewa Gondwana
  - (C) Gondwana Rewa Cheyair Sausar
  - (D) Rewa Gondwana Sausar Cheyair

## QUESTION-CUM-ANSWER BOOK CODE

# Answer Table for Objective Questions

Write the Code of your chosen answer only in the 'Answer' column against each Question No. Do not write anything else on this page.

Question No.	Answer	Do not write in this column	Question No.	Answer	Do not write in this column
01			16		
02			17		
03			18		
04			19		
05			20		
06			21		
07			22		
08			23		
09			24		
10			25		
11			26		
12			27		
13			28		
14			29		
15			30		

### FOR EVALUATION ONLY

No. of Correct Answers	Marks	(+)
No. of Incorrect Answers	Marks	(-)
Total Marks in Questic	on Nos. 1-30	(-)